Industrial 1.25Gbps SFP Transceiver



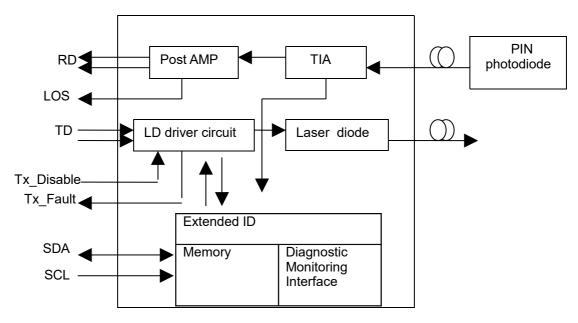
Особенности:

- Industrial:-40°C~+85°C
- до 2км на 50/125µm MMF
- 550м~1км на 62.5/125µm MMF
- 1310nm FP лазер + PIN фотоприемник
- цифровая диагностика (DDMI) в соответствии с SFF-8472
- соответствие спецификации SFP MSA
- возможность горячей замены
- двойной LC разъем

Области применения:

- Gigabit Ethernet 1000Base-SX

Функциональная схема:



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case	Temperature	Tc	SFP-1.25G-2-DI	-40		85	°C
Power Supp	ly Voltage	/oltage V _{cc}		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current			I _{CC}			300	mA
Date Rate	GBE				1.25		Gbps
	FC				1.063		

Performance Specifications - Electrical

Para	meter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes		
Transmitter									
LVPECL Inputs(Differential)		Vin	500		2400	mVpp	AC coupled inputs ^{*(Note4)}		
Input Impedance (Differential)		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC		
TX_Dis	Disable		2		Vcc	V			
	Enable		0		0.8				
TX_FAUL	T Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
	Normal		0		0.5				
			Rec	ceiver					
LVPECL Outputs (Differential)		Vout	370		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs ^{*(Note4)}		
Output Impedance (Differential)		Zout	85	100	115	ohms			
RX_LO	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V			
S	Normal		0		0.8	V			
MOD_C	MOD_DEF (0:2)		2.5			V	With Serial ID		
		VoL	0		0.5	V			

Performance Specifications – Optical

Parameter Symbol Min. Typical Max. Unit



50µm Core Diameter MMF		0.5	550	1000	m				
				m					
Data Rate			1.25		Gbps				
Transmitter									
Center Wavelength	λ _c	1260	1310	1360	nm				
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			5	nm				
Average Output Power*(Note5)	Pout	-9		-3	dBm				
Extinction Ratio*(Note6)	ER	9			dB				
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns				
Total Jitter*(Note6)	TJ			0.43	UI				
Output Optical Eye*(Note6)	IEEE802.3ah-2004 Compliant* ^(Note8)								
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off 1			10	us				
	Receive	er							
Center Wavelength	λ _c	1260		1600	nm				
Receiver Sensitivity*(Note7)	Pmin			-21	dBm				
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm				
Return Loss		12			dB				
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-22	dBm				
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm				
LOS Hysteresis*(Note9)		0.5			dB				

Note4: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

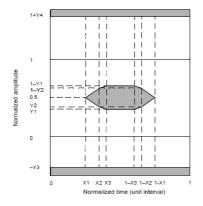
Note5: Output is coupled into a 62.5/125 mm multi-mode fiber.

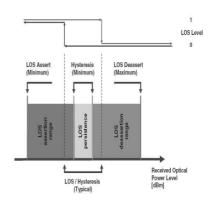
Note6: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

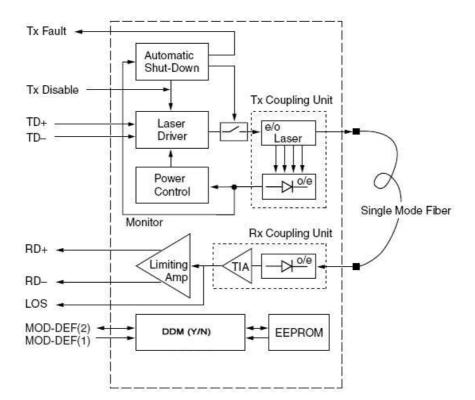
Note7: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 27-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note8: Eye pattern mask

Note9: LOS Hysteresis

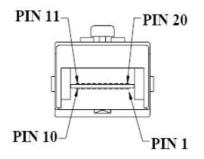


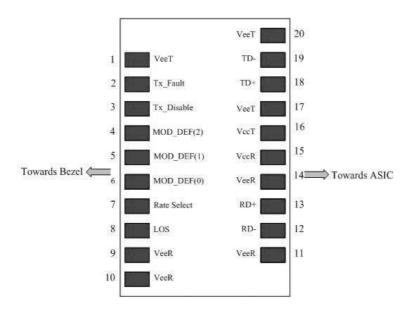




Functional Description of Transceiver

SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout





Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	Transmitter Ground 1 5)	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD- DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD- DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD- DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	7)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K - 10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7 - 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ resistor. Its states are: Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined High (2.0 - 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K - 10K\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 mV differential (200 –1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 - 2000mV (200 - 1000mV single-ended).

EEPROM

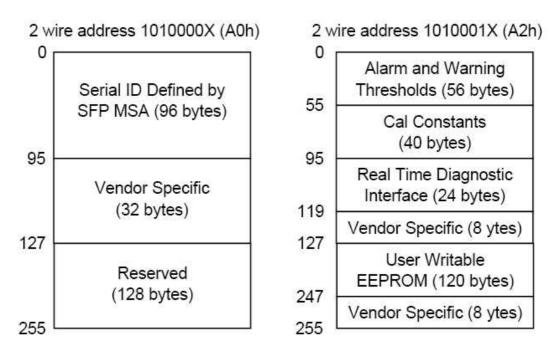
The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not

SFP-1.25G-2-DI

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write-protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0H). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1.

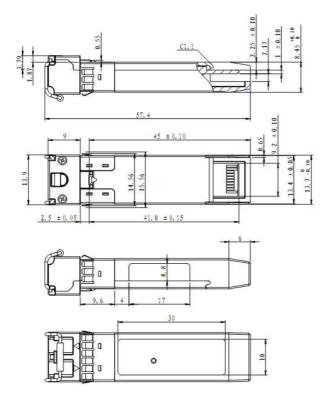
Add.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description				
BASE ID FIELDS								
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP				
1	1	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only				

Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents

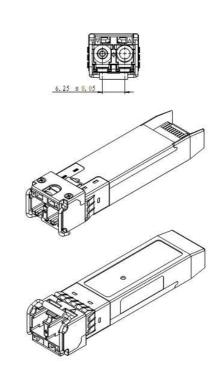


2 1 Connector 07 LC Con	nector
3-10 8 Transceiver XX ^(note9) Transmitt	
11 1 Encoding 01 8B1	
11 11 11 11 11 12 1 BR, Nominal 0D 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 12 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.250 1 1.2	
13 1 Reserved 00	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
14 1 Length (9µm) km 0A/0F/14/1E/28 Transceiver Trans	nsmit Distance
15 1 Length(9µm) 100m 64/96/C8/FF/FF	
16 1 Length (50μm) 10m 00	
17 1 Length(62.5µm)10m 00	
17 1 Length (Copper) 00 Not Cor 18 1 Length (Copper) 00 Not Cor	nnliant
19 1 Reserved 00	прпанс
20-35 16 Vendor name XX XX XX XX XX Vendor nam	
XX XX ^(note9) 20 20 20	
20 20 20 20 20	
36 1 Reserved 00	
37-39 3 Vendor OUI 00 00 00	
40-55 16 Vendor PN XX XX XX XX XX Transceiver	part number
	ourthumbor
56-59 4 Vendor rev XX XX XX XX (note9) AS(CII
(31 30 20 20 mea	
60-61 2 Wavelength 05 1E 1310	
62 1 Reserved 00	/////
63 1 CC BASE Check Sum Check Code for	Base ID Fields
(Variable)	Dase ID Tielus
EXTENDED ID FIELDS	
64-65 2 Options 00 1A TX DISABLE, T	X FAULT and
Loss of Signal	
66 1 BR, max 00	
67 1 BR, min 00	
68-83 16 Vendor SN XX XX XX XX XX Serial Number	of transceiver
XX XX 20 20 20 20 (ASCII). For exam	
20 20 20 20 ^(note9)	
84-91 8 Date Code XX XX XX XX XX Manufactory	date code.
XX XX ^(note9) For example	
92 1 Diagnostic XX ^(note9) Digital Diagnos	
	ented
inclusion grappe	
	I Flags
94 1 SFF_8472 XX ^(note9) 01 for Rev9.3	SFF-04/2.
Compliance	
95 1 CC_EXT Check Sum Check Sum for Ex	tended ID Field.
(Variable)	
VENDOR SPECIFIC ID FIELDS	
	omor Information
96-12732Vendor SpecificRead OnlyDepends on Custo128-255128ReservedRead Only	

Note9: The "XX" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).



Mechanical Specifications



Laser Emission

